

HAWAII AT THE CAPITAL

The Ditch Bill Is Still Hanging Fire.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 22.—Little has been accomplished in Hawaiian legislation at the Capitol since my telegram telling of the passage of the apportionment bill. The Senate's action on that measure was so perfunctory and lacking in features that there is little need of further mention of it. Senator Foraker, in calling up the matter, asked that the House bill, instead of the Senate bill, be considered and this was agreed to. He mentioned, in passing, that the bill which the House enacted had, by some inadvertence, been referred to the committee on territories instead of to the committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico. In the meantime Senator Foraker's committee had gone on considering the subject and giving hearings without knowing what had become of the House bill. However, the Senate readily consented to substitute the House bill in place of the Senate bill and it passed without further debate. That eliminated the necessity for a conference and the bill was several days ago signed by Speaker Henderson and President pro tem Frye and forwarded to President Roosevelt for his approval. It has not yet been returned from the White House and printed as a law but will undoubtedly appear in that form within a short time.

THE DITCH BILL.

Efforts to pass a ditch bill continue before the Senate committee on the Pacific Islands and Porto Rico. A meeting was appointed for this morning, but as Senator Foraker was to make a speech in the Senate this afternoon in the Philippine civil government bill, the meeting was postponed. Mr. G. T. McCrosson is confident that at least some general law touching the subject of ditches will be passed. He says he has agreed to meet every objection to the Hawaiian Ditch Company's bill which Governor Dole raised, and consequently he is unable to understand why it will not meet with favor among Senators.

PRATT NOT PROGRESSING.

Delegate Wilcox is laughing heartily at Mr. J. G. Pratt of Honolulu, who came here in the interests of the fire claims bill. It was hoped to get the claim put on the sundry civil appropriation bill in the Senate as an amendment, but that failed.

"Where is that man Pratt?" asked Mr. Wilcox hilariously today. "He felt so good about getting the fire claims bill put on the sundry civil bill. When he went into Senator Foraker's committee room the other day for a meeting, he felt sure his work was all done and that the bill would go through a humming. 'Why, man,' said I to him, 'if you should get that item on the bill after two years of hard work you would be doing well. Yes, you would be doing well. It takes lots of time to do things around here.'"

And Delegate Wilcox chuckled again heartily. "I want to know where Mr. Pratt is," he reiterated.

A DELAYED PAYMENT.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Shaw, has submitted to Congress an item of \$80 for the payment of William T. Paty of Honolulu for services rendered and material furnished during the month of September, 1900. In sitting up certain rooms in the Judiciary building at Honolulu and preparing them for use for United States Court purposes. The item will probably be carried on the general deficiency appropriation bill, which passes Congress a few days before adjournment.

J. D. DOLE WOULD BAR SNAKES.

Mr. J. D. Dole of Honolulu was a few days ago. He has been studying extensively the details of packing pineapples and will return to Hawaii in the course of a few weeks with some enthusiastic ideas about raising pineapples on the Islands. He talked with several packers in Baltimore and found they were ready to purchase all the product from Hawaii he could furnish them. "I could have sold an order for \$15,000 to one of the brokers in Baltimore," said Mr. Dole to me. "There the pineapples are brought in from the Bahamas and other parts of the West Indies. A duty of 7-10 a cent is paid on each pineapple but there would be no duty on those raised in Hawaii. I am confident we can build up a large and profitable industry in pineapples in Hawaii."

Mr. Dole went to the Agricultural Department to talk with the officials there about various topics, including his pineapple projects, and received no little encouragement. Incidentally he sought a regulation from the Secretary, Mr. Wilson, to prevent the landing of snakes on the Islands. The interview and the result thereof are told in the following self-explanatory language:

An interesting young man, tall as his distinguished kinsman, the Governor of Hawaii, trod the mosaic at the St. James yesterday afternoon and inscribed himself as J. D. Dole, of Honolulu. Although little more than a boy, he represents some large commercial interests in the Islands, and has been staying with his father at Jamaica Plain, Mass., for some months. He started Washingtonward in company with Gov. Dole, but at New York branched off toward Baltimore.

Yesterday he called to see the Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Wilson. His was an unusual errand—how to keep snakes out of the Islands of the Territory of the mid-Pacific. With the best of good nature he waited in the ante-room till the Secretary could see him, and then the tall young man made known his errand, after presenting his letter of introduction.

"Are you trying to be a St. Patrick of Hawaii?" inquired Secretary Wilson, as he laid aside his spectacles and looked soberly at the young man.

Mr. Dole explained why he had come to talk about the exclusion of snakes. "There are no snakes in Hawaii," said he, "but we are fearing every day they will be introduced there. The local officials used to assume the authority to forbid the landing of snakes, but that day is gone by and not long ago the Treasury officials decided that they did not have the authority to exclude snakes from landing in the Territory."

"Well, I have considerable authority over the movements of animals of various kinds here in the States," remarked Secretary Wilson, meditatively, "but I am afraid I have not the authority to issue a regulation as to snakes in Hawaii. Perhaps I shall be able to have the question taken up at a Cabinet meeting soon," continued the Secretary, buoyantly, as though a new idea had come to him.

This pleased young Dole, who is very much in earnest about the matter. You see," he added, "while we have kept the snakes away in years gone by, we are now in considerable terror lest they be introduced on our Islands by accident. We have not allowed any snakes to come there with circus. But the soldiers returning from the Philippines are bringing lots of snakes with them. Out there the people seem to keep them as pets, as well as to catch rats, and the soldiers take the snakes back home as mascots. As I have said, we are very much afraid lest some of these snakes get loose from the transports. Once on the Islands, the mongoose, as a pest, would not be in it with them."

"That is because the Islands would be a perfect paradise for snakes," added Mr. Dole. "There is lots of underbrush where they would thrive. They would soon certainly become a perfect nuisance."

"I shall try to persuade the Cabinet to discuss the advisability of some precaution against the pest," reiterated Secretary Wilson.

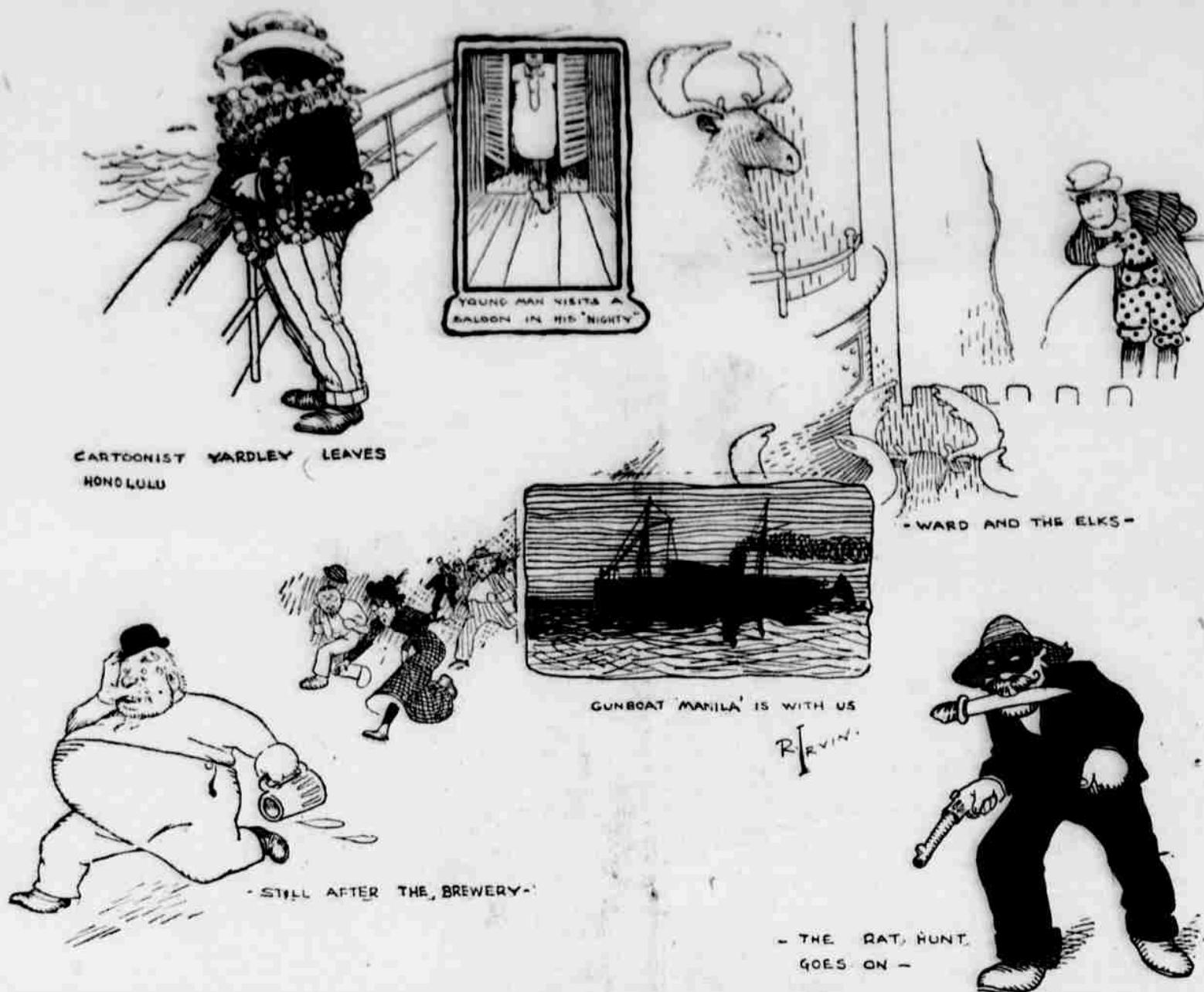
Then other things touching the department's policy toward Hawaii were discussed, for young Mr. Dole has other irons in the fire than barrick the reptilian kingdom from these prolific islands of the seas. He is chockful of business, talks business like a veteran, and is concerned with various commercial projects. He has been talking with business men in Baltimore, and will soon sail for Honolulu.

Mr. Dole says the Governor, who has been his father's guest, will not return to Washington, as it was reported he might do. In Massachusetts, Gov. Dole has been resting quietly during his visit, save a few social functions, and is fully recovered from the exhaustive trip between Honolulu and Washington.

Young Dole added further that the Governor was given two or three very cordial receptions while at Jamaica Plain and that he met several people interested in Hawaii and Hawaiian

(Continued on Page 8.)

PICTORIAL HISTORY OF WEEK



GOVERNOR DOLE WILL RETURN IN THE ALAMEDA

ON May 8, Rear Admiral Barker,

Commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard, called on Governor Dole at the Park Avenue Hotel in New York, and took him, with Mr. Armstrong, in his carriage to the navy yard, where they lunched with the Rear Admiral, Mrs. Barker and Miss Maxwell. Captain Coghlan, who had just been commissioned a Rear Admiral, called. After luncheon the Governor was taken to the Thirty-second street landing in New York by the navy launch. On reaching the hotel, Rear Admiral Joseph N. Miller (now retired) called. Admiral Miller directed the hoisting of the American flag in Hawaii at the time of annexation. Mrs. Miller is a resident of the Park Avenue Hotel.

Mr. Robert C. Ogden, the partner of John Wanamaker, invited the Governor to dinner, but the invitation could not be accepted, owing to a previous engagement. Mr. Ogden had just returned from his annual trip to the South in the interests of negro and white education, a trip which involved the expense of six Pullmans, a dining car and the care of nearly a hundred noted guests for the period of two weeks.

The Governor called on Dr. T. M. Coan, formerly of Hawaii, where he met Dr. Moncreu D. Conway, who had

visited the Islands in 1883 for one day, en route to China, and had filled his head with curious and false ideas about natives and "missionaries."

Leaving New York on the 9th, the Governor stopped over the next morning in Cleveland to visit a relative. On reaching Indianapolis he and Mr. Armstrong were the guests of Mr. Mortimer Levering of that city, the president of Columbia National bank. Kant Armstrong, the youngest son of Mr. W. N. Armstrong, is employed by the bank. On the following day Mr. Levering gave an elaborate lunch to the Governor and party at the Union Club. Among the guests were Colonel Russell Harrison, son of the late President Harrison, and Rear Admiral Brown, well known in Honolulu, and who now resides in Indianapolis.

The Governor and party were invited to remain for three days and attend the dedication of the State Soldiers and Sailors' monument, one of the magnificent works of art which has no equal even in Europe, erected at a cost of nearly \$1,000,000. Lack of time compelled a refusal of this cordial invitation. The Governor and Mr. Armstrong left via St. Louis, Kansas City and the Santa Fe railroad for Riverside, where they arrived on the 14th, and will remain for a week. The Governor intends to leave San Francisco on the Alameda on the 31st of the month.

SISAL PLANTATION WILL BE STARTED ON KAUAI

Eric Knudsen Will Plant 300,000 Bulbs on 500 Acres—Mill to Be Erected at Once at Sisal Plantation, Oahu.

ARRANGEMENTS were completed yesterday for the erection of the mill and installing of the machinery on the sisal plantation at Sisal, Oahu. The building is to be finished within ninety days and in readiness for the installation of the sisal machinery which has been ordered from the east. Manager A. H. Turner, of the company's plantation, was in town yesterday and made all arrangements for the beginning of the work of construction.

Manager Turner says that it will be about three months before the machinery can be put in operation. The machinery, which is probably on the way from the factory at the present time, consists primarily of the cleaning apparatus, or decorticator, which takes the pulp out of the fiber. The company has ample water supply for the boil-

ers and for all purposes of cleansing the fiber. There are numerous surface wells on the company's property and but little water is used, except on the young sisal. The manager says that water is not a factor of great consequence in the production of sisal, as it thrives without it. If water is needed in the future plenty can be obtained by boring.

That the growing of sisal on this Island has proven an unqualified success is borne out by the fact that Eric Knudsen of Kekaha, Kauai, has determined to start a plantation on the Island of Kauai, and he has for that purpose ordered 300,000 sisal bulbs, which will be planted upon 500 acres of ground. He will at once commence work and will increase the cultivated acreage as rapidly as possible. Mr. Turner leaves for Kauai on Thursday to look over the ground proposed to be used by Mr. Knudsen, and to assist

him in planting the bulbs. The soil on Mr. Knudsen's estate is described as sandy, with similar coral ingredients as at Sisal, Oahu. Coral land is said to be ideal soil for sisal cultivation.

"The request of Mr. Knudsen," said Mr. Turner yesterday, "makes it evident to me that the sisal industry has now become an important factor in the Hawaiian Islands. Not only has a request for bulbs come from Kauai, but a gentleman on Maui is making plans to devote considerable of his acreage to sisal. There will always be a demand for sisal. The fiber is being more and more extensively used and for many more things than a few years ago. The demand is great for sisal for binding twine for harvesters, and one firm in Chicago is turning out 30,000 miles of the twine per day. The largest hawser that was ever used was a fourteen-inch affair used in towing the great log raft along the Pacific Coast. Sailors don't like it, for it is too stiff, but sisal withstands the chemical action of salt water better than manila."

"When our prospectus was issued several years ago we said that 34 cents would be a pretty good price to receive for our product, but the present prices will give us between 8 and 10 cents a lb. O. H. Honolulu. We have been ready to take off our product for several months, but have been compelled to wait for machinery."

"The long time required to bring the first crop of sisal to development—four years with us—has scared most investors, because they believed that it would take four years before other results were obtained. After the first four years the crop will be taken off continuously. As soon as we are through with the last row, we will be ready to commence on the first again, and so on. Then there is the increased acreage being tilled all the time."

"We are going to make an elaborate display at the St. Louis Exposition. I met Mr. Barrett, the Fair Commissioner, and he suggested that we have an exhibit of the sisal industry, and one of extensive scale. We intend to display growing plants, show the method of cleaning the raw material, and possibly show some in the process of being manufactured."

The properties held by the Oahu Sisal Company contain 3000 acres, of which 500 acres are planted in sisal. There are 700 acres of land enclosed with a stone fence.

King Comes to Throne.

MADRID, May 17.—King Alfonso attained his majority today and became king in fact, as well as in name, having reached the age prescribed by the constitution.

Mr. Carnegie's offer of \$20,000,000 for the Philippines is too cheap. That was the original purchase price from Spain, but we have added the expense of a four years' war and ought to get that back. I am. Probably the Philippines would pay the whole bill in return for their independence, a bargain to strike which would do Uncle Sam good both in pocket and morals.

S. S. Dickenson, who is here in the interest of the Commercial Cable Company, denies the story from Victoria that his company had made overtures to the British Cable Company to connect with the Canadian cable at Fanning's Island.

WARDE SEASON CLOSES

Much Enthusiasm Over the Players.

CONGRATULATION and not criticism remains as the pleasant and willing task in commenting upon the close of the Warde season. Last night, with the shades of Shakespeare grouped upon the stage and the essence of his inspiration breathed in the lines chosen here and there from the volumes of the drama by Frederick Warde and his company.

Many repeated the triumphs already won on the local stage; others, including Mr. Warde, gave us fresh glimpses of their own ability and the poet-dramatist's genius. Mr. Warde's rendition of the "seven ages" of the "melancholy Jacques" and the subtle summing up of aspiring Gloucester in one short speech added fresh laurels to his well-earned wreath as master interpreter of the bard of Avon. The feelings with which Mr. Warde's all too short season, his genius, his personality and the talents of his company have inspired us, were well set forth in the prologue speech of Walter G. Smith, giving the player his, not often accorded, but due meed of praise. Mr. Smith said:

Ladies and Gentlemen: It is the custom of Mr. Warde in closing his dramatic season to invite a friend in the audience to speak from the stage of the genius of Shakespeare or upon some related theme. This is my excuse for standing a little time between you and the play. But it must seem to others as it does to me, that this audience, led so far as it has been into the realm of Shakespeare's wisdom and fancy; flooded as it has been, night by night, with the beams of that philosophy which Shakespeare left as a beacon to the world when he passed beyond these voices; uplifted as it has been into the region which the greatest of all the poets has peopled with the kings and queens of men;—that this audience knows its Shakespeare too well to need any analysis of his appreciated powers. Rather would it take this hour to honor the spirit and the art of the player who has brought that great soul so near to us. Tonight is not only Shakespeare's but Frederick Warde's; it calls not only for honor to the Bard of Avon, but to the man, the noblest Roman among all his fine interpreters.

Do we ever stop to think what manner of man it is who can meet the tests which Shakespeare set for players? It is not merely that he shall follow the advice which Hamlet gives the actors of the King; to let his own discretion be his tutor; to suit the action to the word and the word to the action; to show virtue her own feature, scorn her own image and the very age and body of the time his form and pressure. It is not merely these qualities that our player must have, but to quote the phrase of Antony, "wit and words and worth, action and utterance and the power of speech to stir men's blood." There must be a great man to fit the great play, else the play shall suffer at his hands. There must be a mind spacious enough to hold the spirit as well as the thoughts of Shakespeare; to feel and live the noble part. It all goes easily upon the stage, but that is because intellect and sympathy, genius and skill and the power for hard, unyielding work are there.

Frederick Warde will leave Honolulu much to remember him by, much to think of and ponder over, and much to seek again. To him and to the artists with whom he is surrounded, this tropic capital, so lonely in the sea, living so much within its own thoughts and experiences, owes the chance to lose itself for the moment in other realms and among other men and customs. We have walked the streets of Rome with Antony and kneel with him at the dead Caesar's side; we have seen the mad Lear, still every inch a King, break the fury of the midnight storm; we have followed the simple-minded Moor to his jealous vengeance; have listened while the Venetian Jew called for his pound of flesh and heard the voice of Portia pleading for the mercy that bleaseth him that gives and him that takes; with Macbeth we have heard the fatal knocking at the gate; and with Richard the solemn tides of empire ebb and flow. We have lived for the hour in distant places and distant ages and communed with men whose names shall never die.

There are actors who lament that the public will hear none but their own plays. This may be true, but the public, it all depends on the spirit of the place where the plays are given. But no man, bringing an ignoble play to Honolulu, need expect to see before the footlights, an audience such as this.

Besides what we owe Mr. Warde for his impersonations, we must not forget his loyal service to the memory of Shakespeare—his strong and eloquent plea, in a late address, for the right of the king of dramatists to keep his own name upon his own plays. It is the fashion to impugn the authorship of great works of literature; to say that Moses and Job and Daniel wrote none of the Biblical narratives that came down to us in their names; and that Shakespeare was a poor wight whom Lord

(Continued on Page 8.)

PAPERS RECORD MEETING OF THE COUSINS' SOCIETY

(Continuation of Miss Chamberlain's paper on the Third Decade.)

It was in this year, 1874, that the Micronesian Mission was reinforced by the now well known names, Rev. and Mrs. R. W. Logan, Rev. and Mrs. Frank Rand, Rev. and Mrs. Horace J. Taylor, Rev. O. H. Gulick returned from Japan on a visit and assisted his aged parents, Rev. Peter J. and Mrs. Annie Gulick, to settle up their affairs and go back with him to Japan to end their days.

The address of Mr. Lawrence McCully was styled: "The Old Catholic Movement."

1876—Mr. Peter C. Jones, president. In the report for this year we find the following resolution, offered by Mr. L. McCully, was passed by a unanimous vote: "Resolved, that the sum of \$300 to this society, from Mr. E. Cornelius Bond of Kohala, be accepted on the conditions accompanying it, namely, that it be invested as a permanent fund, the interest to be added to the principal until the whole fund shall by such increase, or by the gifts of other persons to it, amount to two thousand dollars, after which the society may employ the income of the fund for the objects of the society, preserving a capital of not less than two thousand dollars as a permanent fund."

We are glad to record that this fund has for several years proved a great help in financial straits. This year also General S. C. Armstrong's work for the freedmen in Hampton, Virginia, is given particular notice by this extract from one of his letters: "We are finishing a \$15,000 building, and are exhausted, but expect to get through in ten days two hundred negro youths will pour in upon us from everywhere, and there will be an eight and a half months' drive." We also find record in 1875 of Hon. H. A. P. Carter as Minister Plenipotentiary from the Hawaiian government as commissioner negotiating with Hon. Elisha H. Allen a treaty of reciprocity between the United States and the Hawaiian Islands.

Dr. Luther H. Gulick, grown venerable in his cosmopolitan labors, had returned from Spain to Boston; and leaving the service of the American Board for Foreign Missions, entered a larger field as agent of the American Bible Society. He went to Japan in 1875 and commenced his labors there. Later he removed to China, and the record of his labors is amazing. It was not strange that he burned out and died comparatively early.

Annual address was delivered by the vice president, Mr. F. W. Damon; subject, "Latent Power in the Christian Church."

1876—George H. Dole, president.

This was the year of the centennial celebration of the independence of the United States, and the World's Fair in Philadelphia. Many members of this society were drawn thither, among them the writer, who had the honor to be the correspondent of the Hawaiian Gazette while there. Mr. J. E. Chamberlain went as Missionary Delegate to Micronesia in the Morning Star, and presented a very interesting report on his return. Miss Lucretia F. Ingraham resigned her position in Kawaiahae Seminary and took a place in a government school in Hilo, Hawaii. Dr. L. H. Gulick's family joined him in this year in Japan, and the address of the Gulick family, Miss Julia A. G. joined the Japan mission. Rev. Hiram Bingham and wife returned from Apia, Gilbert Islands, by way of Samoa, he in a state of complete nervous prostration. Letters of great interest received from Hawaiian missionaries in Micronesia translated and printed in an early report.

Subject of Mr. George H. Dole's address, "Tolerance of Opinion."

1877—Rev. J. M. Alexander, president.

The four boarding schools for Hawaiian girls most flourishing. Miss Margaret Flaxman returned from England and became prominent assistant to Miss E. K. Bingham in Kawaiahae Seminary. Rev. E. G. Snow and wife returned from Micronesia, he in broken health. He never returned to his loved work but died in the United States in 1880. Rev. Charles M. Hyde and Mrs. Hyde, with two sons, arrived from Boston, Mass. His special work was to be the development of the South Pacific Missionary Institute for training of native pastors. They were accompanied by her venerable mother and sister, Mrs. and Miss Knight, who cheerfully came to make a new home here. They both ended their mortal lives here and their memory is precious. Mr. Hyde became at once a most prominent factor in all missionary and educational work.

Hon. Henry A. P. Carter was made the Minister of Foreign Relations in the Hawaiian government, and Hon. A. S. Hartwell, Attorney General. Mr. Lawrence McCully received appointment of Second Assistant Justice. The great agricultural enterprise of digging the Haiku water ditch was completed, bringing running water eighteen miles from the mountains of East Maui to various plantations. Mr. S. T. Alexander was the promoter of this great work. Subject of Rev. J. M. Alexander's address, "Evolution in Science and Religious Progress."

1878—Mr. Amasa Pratt, president.

A most interesting report of the Mortlock Island Mission, which was the Home Missionary work of Ponape Christians, but sustained financially entirely by this society, was printed, prepared by Rev. H. H. Sturges. The names of "Opata and Opitina," their first missionaries, were long household words here. Rev. J. F. Pogue, late secretary of the Hawaiian Board, while on a trip for health to the United States, died on his return journey and was buried in depths of winter at Laramie, Wyoming Territory. Father and Mother and children celebrated their golden wedding in Japan and three months later Rev. Peter J. and Mrs. Gulick peacefully ended his life, greatly loved and admired by the Japanese Christians. Mother Gulick was buried by his side later. Mr. Pratt's annual address had no title, but might be called a "Resume of Religious and Missionary Work from the Christian Era." His closing sentences were so fine as to be treasured in memory: "Be patient. God's clock strikes but once or twice in a thousand years, but the wheels all the time keep turning. Over the canvas of Bethlehem, with silver tongue, it struck one. Over the University of Erfurt, Luther heard it strike nine. In the rockings of the present century it has struck eleven. Thank God, it will strike twelve."

1879—Mr. C. J. Lyons, president.

Another letter from our Mortlock mission printed, showing real progress and accompanied by several barrels of

school of different races and both sexes, working and studying harmoniously together, are a noble monument of the energy and practical wisdom of the founder and principal of the famous Newell Institute. Miss Helen S. Norton resigns from K. Seminary. Rev. Thomas Thurston and daughter drowned while attempting to ford a swollen creek in Taylorville, N. C. Married, May 1, 1881, in the First Presbyterian Church in Canton, China, by the Rev. A. P. Happer, D. D., assisted by the Rev. R. C. Damon, D. D., of Honolulu, Mr. F. W. Damon and Miss Mary R. Happer, son and daughter respectively of the officiating clergyman. Our later years have seen the fruit in full labor of this happy union. President's address, subject, "Education of Hawaiian Girls."

1882—Dr. C. M. Hyde, president.

News of the wreck of Morning Star No. 3 at Kusaie, Micronesia. Captain Garland and Rev. Frank Rand made a heroic voyage of over 300 miles to Ponape in the decked-over long boat, so that Captain G. could take passage from there to Hong Kong with the mails and this news. Station taken in Ruk by Rev. R. W. Logan and wife on their return from a furlough in the United States. Morning Star No. 4, with steam auxiliary, arrived via Cape Horn and sailed for Micronesia May 2, 1883. Frederick Gates Snow, son of the beloved missionary of that name, was the engineer on this first trip. In Japan Rev. O. H. Gulick and wife had volunteered to labor in bleak and cold Nikata, in the north of Japan, and this proved too severe for our Cousin O. H. G.'s health, which may be the reason that we later secured him to the Japanese work in Hawaii. Mrs. Harriet (Sturges) Crawford, born in Ponape but now a missionary of the American board to Guadalajara, Mexico, sends a letter full of items of their missionary work for Roman Catholic Mexicans. Mrs. Bernice Pauahi Bishop dies, and also Queen Emma, widow of the late Kamehameha IV, both having left rich bequests to the Hawaiian nation for all posterity. Miss Mary E. Alexander and Miss N. J. Malone take the principality of Kawaiahae Seminary. Miss Helen E. Carpenter has a very severe illness, and for a year Miss Maria Sheely conducts E. Maui Seminary. The D. B. Lyman fund to help endow Hilo Boarding School started. Subject of President C. M. Hyde's address, "Reinforcements Now Needed in Our Christian Work."

1883—President, Mr. Frank W. Damon.

Rev. A. A. Sturges was brought back in October, 1885, on Morning Star in the beginning of his missionary voyage, as he had sustained a stroke of paralysis. Mrs. S., having left Ponape several years previous from lack of health, had not been able to return, and Mr. Sturges rejoined her in Oakland, Cal., for a few years, and died there in 1888. Dr. C. M. Wetmore and his daughter Lucy, from Hilo, went down as delegates to Micronesia when the Morning Star started a second time, and when the missionary vessel returned the second time, April 24, 1886, Miss Lillie Cathcart and Miss Annette Palmer were both brought up to recruit. Miss Theodora Crosby, Miss Hemmingsway and Miss Sarah Smith went down in the summer of 1886 to reinforce the schools there. Mrs. Florence (Andrews) Neal, born on Maui and educated at Ann Arbor, Mich., the widow of Dr. Robert J. Neal, died in Aintab, Turkey, in 1885 and was buried by the side of her husband in the mission cemetery there. Dr. and Mrs. Neal had been married but three years and had entered the service with high hopes. Subject of address of retiring president, "A Worthy Monument to Our Missionary Fathers." His closing words were: "Here let us renewedly promise to uphold the standard our fathers once unfurled; and on this write in golden letters: These Islands, this great ocean and its encircling shores, for Christ."

Compiled by Martha A. Chamberlain.

MRS. COAN'S ADDRESS.

Mrs. Lydia Coan told of the events taking place in the fourth decade as follows:

FROM 1886 TO 1896.

Of the fifty-one American missionaries sent to Micronesia whose names are on our roll of membership, twenty went out as new recruits during the decade of which I write. To these, with others returning after seasons of rest in the home land, and to weary ones bound homeward, we gave the hand of welcome and of fellowship, as from year to year they halted at this midway station in the Pacific.

Of the fourth Morning Star, the bearer of these precious souls, we recall the fact that in 1886 on the day she was to have sailed on her second trip it was found that dry rot had already infested her stern timbers. Before her third trip she was long detained in our harbor for repairs. Upon her next voyage she had a narrow escape from fire from the crushing down of her smoke stack that formed the base of her mainmast. In 1890 she had the disaster of an exploded boiler. Of her The Friend said pitifully: "She was never half a sailer, and never had but a few sheep-power of steam." Yet, faintly as she was, the dear missionaries fared better in transportation, in touring among the Islands, in receiving mail and supplies, while she served them than since they have had to depend on makeshifts.

It was a decade of unusual events in the history of this mission. The Germans took possession of the Marshall group, with arrogant exactions controlling the movement of the Star in those waters, and enforcing strange regulations upon the simple people. Oppression and outrage by the Spaniards and resistance by the natives dyed the beautiful Island of Ponape with the blood of some scores of her sons and of several hundreds of the invaders. Mission property was burned, their church and homes and two thousand dollars worth of books, while the missionaries themselves were obliged to leave. The devoted Doane was taken prisoner by them and conveyed to Manila, where the authorities were wise enough to treat him with civility and kindness. In 1890 heaven welcomed him.

In the midst of heroic efforts for the uplift of the Mortlocks, the saintly Logan, worn out with toil, laid down his armor and went home, a conqueror. Ruk is honored to guard his sleeping dust. Rev. Mr. Forbes and Mrs. Walkup found early graves in Kugate. Of

the unnumbered ladies bravely serving as teachers in the various schools, we recall the names of Mrs. J. E. Chamberlain, Mrs. M. R. Happer, Mrs. F. W. Damon and Miss Snow, passed on in the beautiful rest from toils in the Islands. England planted her flag on the shores of the Gilbert Islands for Mr. Walker, as in command of the little missionary yacht, the Hiram Bingham, still had that superstition of the past so necessary for the life of the churches. That devoted friend of and indefatigable worker for the Gilberts, Rev. Dr. Bingham, completed his entire translation of the Bible, and aided by his faithful wife, saw it through the press of the American Bible House, giving every page at least four proof readings. There was also prepared by him a Bible dictionary, a hymn and tune-book, while Mrs. Bingham revised and published a new edition of her Gilbert Island arithmetic, and prepared Bible readings.

Passing on for a moment's glance at fields more remote, we find Miss Van Duxee throughout this decade faithfully laboring in Persia. In Aintab were the Shepards, who made a multitude of friends among the patients from all parts of Central Turkey flocking to the hospital of which Dr. S. had charge. These cousins counted their lives not dear unto themselves, while with heroic endurance they passed through the horrors of the Armenian massacres, aiding and comforting the afflicted people.

In Spain were William Gulick and his wife, most wisely and valiantly carrying forward an educational work of which it was said: "The quiet methods, the strict discipline, the manifest improvement of the pupils revolutionized public opinion regarding it." It received public recognition such as never before in Spain has been accorded to a Protestant missionary institution of any kind. To no other cousin were we indebted for so full a correspondence as to William Gulick.

Rarely has a life been so full of changes and so marked by ceaseless activities as that of Dr. L. H. Gulick, chief organizer of our society. His feet traversed many a strand, his eloquent voice was heard on many a shore. In Micronesia, Hawaii and Japan; in America, Europe and Asia he told the message of the Master. On the 8th of April, 1891, his Lord crowned his service and gave him welcome to his joy. Of the other brothers of this rare missionary family, three, Rev. O. H. Gulick, Rev. John S. and Theodore W., were all gospel heralds in Japan, supplemented in their labors by their charming wives, with their sister Julia no whit behind in consecrated energy. Sidney L. and Hattie M., children of Dr. and Mrs. L. H. Gulick, married in 1887, and with their companions joined their kindred in Japan and wore the mantle of their parents. Of her widowed mother Hattie wrote: "She is a host wherever help is needed at home or in the missionary work, where her fertile mind is always devising new methods of interesting the shy multitude." She died in Kumamoto, June 14, 1894.

A few statistics may here be of interest. Chronicled in the annual reports from 1887 to 1896 were eighty-four marriages of members of the society; one hundred and thirty-one births, of which sixty-five were boys and sixty-six girls; one hundred and eighteen deaths. In this last we find the names of ten of the missionary mothers who passed on into glory. These were Mesdames Alexander, Emerson, Hitchcock, Johnson, Mellicent Smith, Lyons, Dimond, Green, Bailey and Tinker. Dear mother Dimond was the oldest of these revered women, whose average age was 51. The fathers who fell asleep during this period were Rev. Lorenzo Lyons, Dr. J. W. Smith, the venerable James Ely, aged 81, a member of the first reinforcement, Dr. Lowell Smith, Rev. J. D. Dimond and St. Andrews, Hon. S. N. Castle and Father Dimond. Their average age of 55 years. Shocks of corn fully ripe were they, gathered into the garner of the Lord.

I do not know what other decades show as to our contributions, but looking over the Treasurer's figures in my period I find the amount of receipts to have been \$2,683. Not a poor showing when we consider in how many other benevolent enterprises the cousins are leading and active factors. In 1887, thanks to our adopted cousin, W. C. Merritt, there was kept a rare jubilee to mark the fiftieth anniversary of the landing of the reinforcement of 1837. To this kindly, generous effort we owe the Jubilee pamphlet, that preserved for us the papers historic and biographic of the reminiscences on that occasion. Read these papers, and your hearts will be stirred anew with loving reverence for men and women who gave their lives in willing sacrifice for the Hawaiian people. Among other things that year was that of the coming of Rev. Thomas L. Gulick and his lovely wife for pastoral work on Maui, also that of the celebration of a silver wedding when a host of friends offered congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Jones and were royally entertained by them.

In 1888 an attempted revolution made that the most marked historic year up to that time of the Hawaiian Kingdom since the organization of the H. M. C. S. Some of the cousins were among the framers of a new constitution and the numbers of those in honorable stations of government trust was much increased. Cousin Thurston was Minister of the Interior, Hon. S. B. Dole was enrolled among members of the Supreme Bench. Dr. S. E. Bishop was editor in chief of the Friend, and Henry Castle editor of the Commercial Advertiser.

The two churches, Fort street and Bethel, were that year united under the name of the Central Union Church and Dr. Beckwith was installed as our own beloved pastor. Much correspondence was held with the A. B. C. F. M., and valuable discussions concerning men and means for the revival of work on our own shores filled many moments of our monthly meetings. Our desires for reinforcements were in part realized the following year by the coming of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Westervelt and the return of O. P. Emerson to resume the duties of the Secretaryship of the Hawaiian Board, a new left vacant by our lamented Cousin Forbes. There was added to our ranks also that true lover of Hawaii, Dr. A. B. Lyons, who took the chair of natural science in Oahu College, his charming wife entering our circle and sharing in its tasks as to the manor born.

June 8, 1888, was the jubilee anniversary of the completion of the Hawaiian Bible. Judge Judd delivered a most able address in the native language on that occasion before a large assembly in Kawaiahae church, repeating the same in English in the Fort Street Church. An anniversary of interest was the centennial on October 20, 1888, of the birth of Hiram Bingham, pioneer missionary. A tablet of marble from Vermont, his native State, with fitting inscription, was placed by the side of the corner stone of Kawaiahae church, of which he was the architect.

On Kaula the Industrial school, established by the efforts of Dr. J. Smith and his sister Juliette, began good work under the able principality of R. W. Anderson, assisted by his wife. It was with great regret that year that we received the resignation of Miss Carpenter, so long the most devoted principal of the Makalei Female Seminary. We sorely missed Kawaiahae Seminary Misses Hopper and Pepon, adopted cousins, whom we could ill afford to spare. And from Oahu College these valued cousins, whom none could have been more loyal, President Merritt and Mrs. Merritt.

The leading social event of 1892 was the jubilee of Oahu College, into which our then recently adopted cousin, F. A. Homer, entered with interest. Gen. S. Armstrong had the year before bestowed the apparent remoteness of a return to the land he loved, but said, "One gains nothing by being anxious. The right thing comes at the right time." It came. He was here to give the address in the old stone church before the alumni of Punahou and a charmed audience. William Gulick with his noble wife, who won all hearts, was also here, after an absence of forty years, exuberant as a boy in his delight to revive old memories and old friendships.

The rare event of a golden wedding occurred on October 13th, 1892. Mr. Castle had had a gall that confined him to his room but he and Mrs. Castle cordially welcomed friends who called. Never to be forgotten was the revolution in January of 1893. The times called for wisdom and foresight on the part of cousins who held positions of trust and influence. Even the youths came nobly forward to shoulder their muskets and walk their beats, or to serve as messenger boys. The Queen had sown the wind and she was reaping the whirlwind. Three of the five commissioners, who went to Washington to confer about annexation, were cousins. They were "dignified, conservative, prudent and very reasonable."

In December of 1893 we lost our pastor. For more than six years we had had the benediction of Dr. Beckwith's presence at almost all our monthly meetings. His resignation of the pastorate, a hard blow, came too heavy for his strength, fell like a blow upon us. But while we sorrowed over our loss, we rejoiced for the Paia church that to them it was gain.

May of 1894 brought the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Bingham, celebrated by a most charming garden party, given by Judge and Mrs. Castle in the beautiful grounds of Woodlawn.

Never brighter sun shone out of the deep blue of our tropic sky than that which looked down on the morning of July 4th, 1894, upon the birth of the Republic of Hawaii. On the steps of the palace the constitution was promulgated, and S. B. Dole took the President's oath of office for the next six years. Some months later fifty or sixty cousins gathered at the home of one and thence, bearing taro, bananas, sugar cane, pigs and pigeons with other "mea aloha," advanced in line as quietly as mice would, to the residence of our gracious President. The birthday hoopla with which we sought to honor him was a complete surprise to President and Mrs. Dole.

This was a marked year in educational lines. Kindergarten sprang up here and there, as the result of earnest efforts on the part of Mr. Frank Damon, and of a circular letter from Mrs. H. Castle Coleman. Vigorous in thought and earnest in philanthropy, the letter appealed to the women of Honolulu for their co-operation in making "a strong system of kindergarten work that should embrace all of the nationalities that dwell together on these shores." Under the auspices of the Punahou campus scores of cousins gathered on the 12th of December, 1894, to witness the laying of the corner stone of Paia hall. On the 19th of December we celebrated Founder's day at "Kamehameha," when its usual program was supplemented by the transfer from the trustees of the Girls' School, of its keys to our adopted cousin, Miss Ida M. Pope, which by her were gracefully accepted. Hardly ever in any year before were we represented by so many cousins in the various colleges and schools of the homeland. In the very early morning of July 4th, 1894, a happy crowd, answering to their alma mater, greeted waiting friends and relatives on the Oceanic dock, with the college yells of Princeton, Yale and Wesleyan.

On the 21st of May, 1896, President Dole delivered the dedicatory address at the opening of Paia hall. Hon. C. R. Bishop's latest gift to Oahu College, as one saw the stately building, beautiful in architecture, rich in material and in equipment, ablaze from cupola to basement with electric lights, its auditorium filled with a cultured audience and with the music of its sweet toned pipe-organ. Mrs. S. Castle's gift in memory of her husband, she could but think that a group of shining ones above, who loved Punahou in the olden days, was now regarding it with love and with thanksgiving for all the blessings that had come to it, and with desire for its greatest future good.

(Continued on Page 7.)

THE GERMAN ARMY RETIRING.

Eleven hundred of German troops are being withdrawn from Chihli province.

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HEARKEN YE!

To the Voice of Honolulu People.

If you will but listen to your friends and neighbors they will tell you how the pains and aches of a bad back, the annoyances of urinary troubles, the nervousness, the restlessness which come from kidney ill can be relieved and cured. Read what Honolulu citizens say:

Writing under date of January 10th, 1899 Jurgan Walter of this city tells us as follows: "My age is 19—and I am the parent of eight children. Being so far advanced in years I regard the relief obtained from Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

I suffered from a lame back for years, but after taking some of the pills procured at Hollister's drug store, was greatly benefited, and I am satisfied the pills did me much good."

Our kidneys filter our blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 600 grains of impure matter daily, when unusually some part of this impure matter is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms—pains in the back, headache, nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatism, gout, gravel, diarrhea, irregular heart, debility, dizziness, dropsy, deposits in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right you will have no trouble with your kidneys.</

THE VALLEY ISLE QUIET

Brief Maui Notes Of the Week's Doings.

MAUI, May 21.—Thursday evening, the 22nd, the May meeting of the Makawao Literary Society took place at the residence of W. O. Aiken of Puu-kaela, Makawao. The interior of the large lanai, in which the entertainment was given, was prettily decorated with the green foliage and red berries of the coffee plant and brilliantly lighted with gasoline lamps.

The program consisted of a burlesque opera in one act, by Offenbach, "Barber of Seville," with the following cast of characters:

Mr. Gilbert, who has arranged the marriage of his daughter to the son of his old friend, Sylvester, Mr. D. C. Lindsey.

Mr. Curlew, barber from Bath, who, coming to dress the hair of the bride, is mistaken for the bridegroom, Mr. S. H. Dowdle.

Mr. Sylvester, the prospective bridegroom, who is personally unknown to Mr. Gilbert, and, arriving late, hungry and tired, is mistaken for the hair dresser, Mr. W. O. Aiken.

Gertrude, who loves a young man she met at her aunt's, in Bath, Miss E. V. Cooleage.

After the opera, Mr. C. D. Luckin of Wailuku played a fine cornet solo, which was given an enthusiastic encore.

That the fun and music of Offenbach, so famous for his burlesque operas, was thoroughly enjoyed by the audience present goes without saying.

KAMAAINA DEAD.

Thursday, the 22nd, Thomas C. Forsyth, ex-postmaster of Lahaina, and a kamaaina of fifty years' residence in Hawaii, died at his son's home at Omapio, Kula, of heart trouble.

Mr. Forsyth was born in Connecticut some seventy-one years ago and came to the Islands when a young man. He spent many years in Lahaina following the trades of a mason and carpenter and boat-builder. Afterwards for a number of years he made a most efficient and accommodating postmaster until ill health compelled him to remove to the bracing climate of Kula. He leaves one son, George Forsyth, and several grandchildren. On the 23rd the funeral, which was largely attended, took place at Omapio and was conducted by Rev. John Kalino and Rev. J. Kulkali.

During the same afternoon, several hours after the funeral, Mrs. George Forsyth also passed away. She had been ill of dropsy for some time and the demise of her father-in-law undoubtedly hastened her death.

APPRAISERS AT WORK.

This afternoon, per Claudine, the three commissioners to appraise, subject to Government commutation, Messrs. W. O. Aiken, W. F. Pogue and John Kaluna, all sail for Kaunakakai, Molokai, to appraise lands formerly the property of the American Sugar Co., but now used for ranching purposes.

It seems when the royal patents for 1700 acres of land mauka of Kaunakakai were issued that the Government reserved a one-third interest in it. Hence it is the duty of the present commission, appointed by Governor Dole, in the absence of Land Commissioner Boyd, to fix the original value of that one-third interest. Upon the payment to the Government of the sum fixed by the appraisers (subject to change by the authorities) the parties at present in possession of the land will have a clear title to the property.

There are also about 17,000 acres at Pulehunui, Kula, to be appraised by the commissioners under same conditions.

MISCELLANEOUS.

During Monday afternoon, the 19th, ten teachers held their regular meeting in the Makawao schoolhouse. The program consisted of a botany lesson by D. D. Baldwin and the reading of Act II of "Julius Caesar."

The Makawao court house has recently been repaired. The roofs have been shingled and the buildings (jail, jailor's house and court house) look "spick and span" with whitewash and paint. The fences, too, have received a coat of whitewash.

Monday, the 19th, a Porto Rican child 4 years of age, was drowned in the ditch near Pala Plantation Hospital. The body, swept along by the current, was found in a reservoir some distance below. The mother had left the child only a moment but missed the little one too late to save it from death. No inquest was deemed necessary.

The Honolulu (Kala) lands of Gear, Lansing & Co. of Honolulu have recently been surveyed into ten-acre lots and are soon to be put upon the market. There are 600 acres (sixty lots), for the most part fine corn land, which undoubtedly will meet with ready sale at reasonable prices.

Sunday, the 18th, the "Festival of the Holy Ghost" was celebrated at the Waiakoa Catholic church. Hundreds of Portuguese from Pala and other parts of Maui attended the services.

Mrs. A. Barnes of Honolulu is visiting Mrs. W. A. McKay of Wailuku.

Mrs. D. B. Murdoch of Ewa is at her parents' residence at Haiku.

Ex-Policeman and ex-Mailman Daniel Nahaku was jubilant over the birth of a baby boy on the 21st.

Weather—Showery.

Superintendent Boyd in Town.

James H. Boyd, Superintendent of Public Works, and C. B. Dwight, the recently appointed Road Supervisor in Honolulu, arrived by the Kinohao last night. Their visit is in connection with the improvements to Waiuanue street and to inspect the road work in North Hilo and Hamakua. Particular attention will be paid to the new sewer work on Waiuanue street.—Hilo Herald.

REPUBLICANS MOVE TO AID THE UNEMPLOYED

The Committee Will Try to Find Places for All Hawaiians—Party Rules Adopted.

REPUBLICANS will at once undertake to render signal service to the unemployed of the Hawaiians, and a committee to be appointed by Chairman Kennedy will attempt to find places for all those who are out of employment. This course was decided upon at the meeting of the Republican Territorial committee last evening, after a statement by W. J. Coelho that there were several hundred men at the Kailahi camp who wanted to work but could not find any places.

Making the point that the Oriental laborers had been brought to the country by the plantations and that to take them into the city meant a loss to the cane fields, G. P. Renton introduced the following resolution which, without a vote to the contrary, was passed: "That a committee of three be appointed by the chairman to interview employers of labor in Honolulu with the end in view of looking into the matter of procuring work for unemployed Hawaiians, said committee to report at the next regular meeting of this committee."

There was some discussion over the point by Coelho, who had brought up the subject, by the introduction of a resolution providing for a commissioner of labor, to list and secure employment for Hawaiians out of jobs. He said the Hawaiian people now at Kailahi to the number of some 300 wanted work but they could not get it. He thought there were places now held by Orientals which had better be filled by Hawaiians, and he wanted to have them so filled. Renton said there were plenty of places for the Orientals on the plantations and that they would be placed at once if they could be had.

The committee passed finally the rules for the government of the party, providing also that they shall take effect immediately.

There were few changes over the rules as they passed through the committee when considered in order. A. G. M. Robertson, who represented J. F. Cooke and Wilford of Kailahi, raised the question of the absence of a pledge from the rules and wanted one inserted. He said there was nothing that would make it possible for a precinct club to exact a pledge from a would-be voter. The consensus was that there was power in the club and the article went through. 14 to 2, Mr. Robertson voting against it. All the other articles were adopted with minor changes.

The only alteration of moment was that which provides that the club shall meet for organization the second Friday in June instead of the first Friday, which is close at hand. There was another provision which makes it necessary to give notice at one meeting of an intention to amend the rules. J. W. Jones was appointed to revise and have the rules printed and translated into Hawaiian.

When the resignation from the committee of Stewart of the Fifth district was read, on motion of Renton the secretary was instructed to write a letter asking that the action be reconsidered. There was some comment which developed that the general opinion was that the member would insist upon retiring.

The application of John A. Baker for a place in the tax office was endorsed. A. G. M. Robertson was appointed to take up the matter of the lines of the precincts with the Executive. This came up on a letter from Makawao.

Those present were: Chairman Kennedy, Messrs. Wright, Jones, Renton, Coelho, Ridgway by Jones, Holstein and Maguire by Renton, Kahokuoluna by Coelho, Waipulani and McCann by Coelho, Cooke and Willard by Robertson, Brandt and Palmer by Wright.

ELECTRIC TRANSIT EXTENSION

Work will be inaugurated on the extension of the Rapid Transit road from Alapai street along King street, on the way to Waikiki, the first of next week.

The day has not been set, but the directors of the company are confidently of the opinion that there will be not more than two or three days' delay before the work is undertaken.

The most troublesome question which has arisen in the matter of the extension was settled during this week. This was the procuring of the rock which will be needed in the laying of the line of road. For this purpose the company has secured possession of the old Molokai quarry and has set up there a rock crusher. From this the broken stone for the bed of the road will be obtained. Through this course cost of the construction of the line will be materially lessened to the company, which according to the present plans will itself lay the new stretch of track.

Much of the preliminary work for this line has already been accomplished. This consists of the bending of the rails for the curves and turnouts, which has been done in the yards of the company. Most of these are now ready and the progress of the work of track laying will not be interfered with through lack of the materials for the switches or corners. It is expected that the laying of the road will be done with as great rapidity as has been reached in the putting down of the main line or any of the extensions to this time, and that the line of the road will be in operation to the Pawa district by the middle of the summer.

The present intention is to push the work along the line of King street as far as the Waikiki turn. It is hoped that by the time that point is reached there will be secured a settlement of the suits which Pain is alleged to have instigated. Should this be the case the line of the road will be pushed along to McCully street and thence down to the Waikiki road, while if this is not the case and there seems no end in sight the directors anticipate such a condition of affairs in the plans for the widening of the latter road that they will be enabled to follow it to Waikiki.

There will be no attention paid to any other extension until that to Waikiki has been disposed of, by the building of the line, and there is being no division of the energy of the company to secure action along any other line. There promises to be a full force of men at work before the end of the coming week, and the intention is to work as rapidly as possible so that there will be no slight interruption to traffic in King street as can be accomplished.

The meeting of the board of directors of the company, which reached this decision yesterday afternoon, also decided upon such action as will at once relieve the pressure of the work from the generators of the Pacific Heights line. There is there at present a serious break in the engines of that company, and the Rapid Transit Company which has an excess of power has granted permission to the Pacific Heights people to make a connection with the power lines of the newer road. This will be done by the erection along the line of Bates street of a feeder wire and a return which will convey the power from the line of the Rapid Transit Company to the hill line.

The connection will be made at the foot of the hill on Liliha street and the wire cables for the carrying of the current will be put up by the Heights line, thus causing no outlay to the Rapid Transit Company. The connection thus completed will mean the bringing into the Rapid Transit of a new revenue from the service.

The United States secret service officers kidnapped two Georgia men in Quebec, Canada, and brought them to Montreal, where extradition suits have been brought. The men were Gaynor and Greene, who forfeited their bail at Savannah.

Peterson Accidentally Drowned.

Yesterday the body of a man was found floating in the harbor by one of the crew of the schooner Mot Wahine. Investigation showed that the body was that of a sailor named Peterson, one of the crew of the barkentine Amelia, which recently arrived from Eureka, and who had been missing from the ship since last Tuesday evening. An inquest was held last night and the coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

CITED FOR CONTEMPT

Primo Beer Order Called Up by Estee.

(From Saturday's daily.)

Upon the application of the attorneys for Honolulu liquor dealers representing mainland brewers, Judge Kaie yesterday issued a citation to Treasurer W. H. Wright to appear in the United States Court on June 2 and show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt in neglecting to obey the original decree in the Primo beer case.

The citation was issued yesterday morning upon the application of J. J. Dunne and A. G. M. Robertson, the petition being accompanied by affidavits of Dunne, Emil Ney and Nigel Jackson.

The section of the order made in the case of Macfarlane & Co. et al. vs. W. H. Wright, Treasurer, which Wright is alleged to have violated, is as follows: "Now, therefore, we do strictly command and perpetually enjoin you, the said William H. Wright, defendant above named, as Treasurer of the Territory of Hawaii, and your successors in office, and all other persons in any manner acting in aid or assistance of you or them from . . . in any manner or form, directly or indirectly, doing or permitting to be done, any act or thing whatever, under or pursuant to the aforesaid Chapter 46 of said Session Laws of 1888."

Mr. Dunne's affidavit sets out the correspondence had with Wright calling upon the Treasurer to close the Primo beer saloons, and alleging that the "said violation consists in this that you are permitting beers manufactured in Honolulu to be sold at retail in said Honolulu under and pursuant to certain licenses issued by you under and pursuant to said chapter 46 of said Session Laws of 1888. You are hereby further notified that unless said violation shall cease on or before April 22, 1902, we shall take such proceedings against you as we may be advised."

To this letter Wright replied that "I have to inform you that I have done nothing in violation of the injunction issued in the equity suit of Macfarlane & Co., Ltd., against myself as Treasurer."

The affidavit of Jackson is to the effect that he visited a number of the Primo beer saloons and drank and paid for beer in them, and found other people doing the same thing; that the proprietors admitted that they could sell only Primo beer, and that a license issued by the Territory was displayed upon the walls. Emil Ney swears that he accompanied Jackson, and assisted in the beer drinking, and witnessed all the things which are set out in the latter's affidavit.

Judge Estee made the order for the citation of Treasurer Wright returnable on the morning of June 2.

CHINESE BANKRUPTS.

A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was filed yesterday in the Federal Court against the Sing Kee Company, by Honolulu creditors. The creditors are: T. H. Davies & Co., to whom is owing \$751.23; M. Phillips & Co., \$600.87, and H. Hackfeld & Co., \$458.29. The bankrupt is said to have committed an act of bankruptcy on May 15 by making a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors.

There are eight members of the firm, three of whom live in Honolulu. The store of the bankrupt was located in Eleele, Kaula, and Marshal Hendry left for that place yesterday afternoon to serve the papers on the remaining five partners.

RISE IN CHIHIL.

SHANGHAI, May 13.—The insurgents in Chihil have been entirely routed as the result of two days' fighting. Their ringleader was captured and they suffered a loss of 1300 persons killed. The above reached here as an official report.

While the scientists were debating the causes the news came in the mail of the Maru that other volcanoes had added their dust to that which was projected by Mt. Pelee. The fact was developed that within three days after the eruption which destroyed St. Pierre, the records of Professor Lyons shows that he noted the presence of a haze in the atmosphere. The fact that the glow did not appear in the heavens until Thursday evening, or fourteen days after the eruption, made many observers believe that there had been another outbreak. The dust should normally have been present in the upper currents here much before it was apparent. The dust from Khakatoa was nine days after the outbreak, and the dust here undoubtedly was from the most recent eruption.

Another feature which developed yesterday was that the outbreak of Mt. Pelee on the 8th of the month was recorded here through the observance of the magnetic phenomena. At the observatory of the Coast and Geodetic Survey at Ewa, Professor Fleming saw for six hours that there was somewhere a disturbance of the magnetic field. This was indicated by the instruments which record each change in the field and the intensity of the movements was sufficient to show that there was a disturbance of moment. Since that time, however, the field not having become settled, there has been no record of other disturbances.

During all these occurrences there has been nothing here at all. The seismograph at Oahu College has recorded not a single movement.

MEN! WAKE UP!

Is Your Back Weak?
Have You Dragging Pains?
Are You Easily Tired?
Have You Varicocoele?

Have you lost the fire and strength of your youth? Have you "come and go" pains in your back and shoulders? Are you growing old too soon?

If you have these symptoms or any other sign of breaking down of your nerves and vitality you will find new life in Electricity as applied while you sleep.

DR. M'LAUGHLIN'S ELECTRIC BELT

is made for you. It is the best way to use electricity. It pours a gentle stream of life into the weak parts continually for hours every night. It refreshes the nerves, expands the vital powers, enriches the circulation and makes you feel bright, active and vigorous in one night's use. You get stronger each day, and in a few weeks you are a new man—stronger and younger in the fire of youth. It is grand, the method of mine, and every man who has ever used it is praising it.

TRY IT NOW!

Don't delay trying it. Your future happiness depends on your checking this dr- in upon your vitality, so stop it now, and you can be sure of a long and vigorous life, full of the joys of a healthy vigor.

Don't drug. Drugs can't cure you as you know if you tried them. My Belt cures because it increases your nerve power and your vitality. If you will call I will give you a free test of what I can do. If you can't call send for my beautifully illustrated book, telling about my method. I send it sealed free. I have 50,000 cures. Call or write today. Send this ad.

Dr. M. F. McLaughlin. 906 MARKET ST. (Lotta's Fountain) San Fran.
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DR J COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE

IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—Vice Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See the Times, July 18, 1884.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR CHOLERA, DYSENTERY and DIARRHOEA.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is the true palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, CANCER, TOOTHACHE, RHEUMATISM.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE rapidly cuts short all attacks of EPILEPSY, SPASMS, COLIC, PALPITATION, HYSTERIA.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor, DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold in bottles, 1s 1/2d, 2s 9d and 4s 6d, by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. J. Davenport, 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

A New Shoe A Swell Shoe

STRONG & GARFIELD'S

Blucher Style Oxford

An entirely new shoe style and the most graceful and the handsomest shoe of the year. Comes in Patent Ideal Kid with dull leather top, extension sole.

THE PRICE, \$6.50.

Manufacturers' Shoe Co., Limited

1057 FORT STREET.

CHOLERA ON BOARD WARREN. Cholera has appeared on board the howard-bound transport Warren at Manila, and one man has died of it.

PROSPECTS OF WAR. Interviewed at Dresden, Marshal Waldersee declared that war between Japan and Russia was inevitable.

Read what Mr. Paul Isenberg says:

Honolulu, T. H., April 22nd, 1902.

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd., Honolulu, T. H.

DEAR SIR:—The presence of the horn-fly pest in my herd of milch cows has been a cause of serious apprehension to me, both on account of the consequent deterioration in the condition of the cattle and the reduced production of milk. I am pleased to inform you that the application of the So-Bos-So Kilfly, which I purchased from you a few days since, has already resulted in a decided improvement in the condition of the cattle, as well as an increase of 20 per cent in the quantity of the milk produced, before the application of the Kilfly. Very truly yours,

PAUL R. ISENBERG.

So-Bos-So Kilfly Is a Liquid Mixture

designed to protect cows and horses from torture of flies. The preparation is positively harmless. It is used with splendid results as a disinfectant and germicide. The Electric Sprayer discharges the So-Bos-So (Kilfly) in a fine, broad spray. From 30 to 50 cows can be sprayed in a few moments. The Electric sprayer is detachable, and thus may be thoroughly cleaned.

If your animals are troubled with lice, use So-Bos-So (Kilfly). It knocks them out. Spray your poultry house with So-Bos-So (Kilfly). It kills lice or any vermin that may infect the fowls. Sufferers from the Horn Fly should give Kilfly a trial. We are sole agents for the Territory of Hawaii.

Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

Published at the Postoffice at Honolulu, H. I., Second-class Matter.

SEMI-WEEKLY
SOLD TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

WALTER O. SMITH, EDITOR.

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Per Month, Foreign \$1.00
Per Month, Domestic75
Per Year, Foreign \$12.00
Per Year, Domestic 9.00

—PUBLISHED WEEKLY IN ADVANCE—

A. W. PEARSON,

Manager

TUESDAY, MAY 27

THE SUGAR BOUNTIES.

It is by no means certain that the action of the House of Representatives in regard to sugar bounties will be ratified in the time marked out by all the bounties paying governments of Europe. If not, then the whole scheme goes by the board. Many States, however, are solid for repeal. The German Imperial Council has just approved the proposed repeal of the conference and may pass it on to the Reichstag. The favorable course of that body is not difficult to foresee, some of the foremost of the former advocates of the bounty now being eager for its repeal. Besides, the German masses have become tired of paying eight cents a pound for their sugar when the export price at the wharf at Hamburg is a little over two cents a pound. It grieves the Germans that what is a cheap article of necessity with the people of the United States and Great Britain has been made for them a dear luxury by the arbitrary operation of the bounty law.

Of the favorable action of Germany, Austria-Hungary and Belgium, on the repeal of the sugar bounties, there may be little cause for doubt; but what France will do is not clear. France is the starting place of the sugar bounty, and although the French consumers pay more for their sugar than the Germans, there is a powerful agricultural interest in favor of keeping up the bounty. The protectionist Waldeck-Rousseau ministry has just been sustained at the elections, in large degree by the votes of the farmers. On this account the ministry may well be loath to encounter a large body of its supporters on this question in the Chamber of Deputies and may find some reason for postponing its consideration. Even though repeal of the sugar bounties should be pressed as a Ministerial measure which would save a large sum in the overburdened French budget, it might not give the ultra protectionists under the lead of M. Meline much trouble to muster a majority in the Chamber against a measure which would take the risk of overthrow on such a question. The Ministers would be likely to indefinitely postpone the repeal of the sugar bounties.

SEISMIC CALIFORNIA.

It is not so very long ago that earthquakes and volcanoes played havoc with California. When Commodore Stockton anchored in San Francisco bay, in 1846, old Pablo, an Indian, told him that in the days of his grandfather, the Golden Gate was split open by a great shock, letting the waters of the sea flow into the valley of the Sacramento. Before that time, said the Indian, the river entered the sea somewhere beyond the San Jose mission. There were scientists on board the flagship who wanted to know whether this story could be confirmed by the testimony of the rocks, and, on looking at the mighty cleavage of the Golden Gate, they decided that the opening was of comparatively late origin. The fact recalled to them that Sir Francis Drake could not find any bay where is now the port of San Francisco and was forced to content himself with entering Half Moon bay, a little distance to one side. At a late time, the scientists found a little bed of the Sacramento near San Jose and also made up their minds that the islands in San Francisco bay were the crests of submerged hills.

John Muir, than whom no one better knows the California mountains, thinks that the cinder cones of Lassen were in active eruption about one hundred or one hundred and fifty years ago. He judges by the age of trees growing in the craters together with the fact that the Eel river Indians date the outbreak—which their traditions graphically describe—some four generations back.

If we accept the view that volcanic eruptions are sometimes caused by chemical reaction—and there is good reason to do so—then it follows that California is not yet out of danger. At the Geysers where strange springs boil and spurt and where steam blows out of great holes with enormous force, there is a marked showing of chemical energy. Some of the chemical waste appears in pink tints like those of the famous volcano in New Zealand. All over the State hot springs abound and these are usually held to have some relation to the causes that produce eruptions. It was the presence of a hot spring in the crater of an old volcano of Japan, supposedly extinct, which led Prof. Milne to warn the public that the mountain was not dead. The next year its cap blew off, destroying three townships. Shasta, the great, snow-clad peak in northern California, has a warm spring in the crater; but it is a great while since lava came from that mountain. When it did, however, places forty miles away got more than their share of it.

In the southern part of the State signs of volcanic action abound, especially in Inyo county where the earthquakes of 1865 were so severely felt. The Colorado desert, where the remains of a whale were found the other day, was raised bodily above the waters that once covered it. Sand shells are scattered on its sandy surface. A little further south, in Mexican California, there is a large area of active mud geysers and bubbling ink lakes.

So it is far from certain that California, which now has nothing worse than earthquakes to contend with, may not one day see an ancient crater resume business. Perhaps such a thing, assuming no catastrophe to follow, would be a gain; for clearly, the imprisoned gases under California, and which give it so many seismic shocks, need a vent such as an active volcano only can provide.

The fact that dumb brutes knew what was coming at Martinique is by no means unprecedented. Many a seismic outbreak has been preceded by a commotion among the beasts of the field and farm. One who has lived any length of time in an earthquake country has noticed the restlessness of dogs and cattle before a shock and the complete silence of birds, frogs and other forms of animate nature that usually make the days and nights vocal.

THE COMING FOURTH.

Thanks to the early initiative of celebration this year will have a long enough forenoon to enable the committee to organize a fine display. It is often happens in getting up celebrations of any kind, that the start is so delayed that the result suffers both in detail and general effect. As things are, the Grand Marshal will have time to organize a worthy parade, the speaker will have time to get up his address, and the fireworks men will have time to fill an order. It will be our own fault, therefore, if our celebration, the weather being favorable, shall not come off with great eclat.

Honolulu has long been famous for its observance of the American national day. Under the monarchy the Americans here made a great event of the Fourth. They were called together by their Minister to lay out the plan, abundant money was raised, a procession came off and there was a crowd out for the speaking. Usually the sovereign received on that day and his Premier made a formal call on the envoy of the United States. The Royal troops paraded and a fine show they gave. It was also the custom for the diplomatic and consular corps to attend the literary exercises. In this connection it is recalled that the British Minister finally begged off on the ground that he ought not to be expected to sit by during the reading of the Declaration and hear "his late Majesty, King George the Third," so ruthlessly maligned.

Since annexation the Fourth has not aroused until now, so much interest as it formerly did. From 1888 to 1900 people were busy making money in the boom; and though the day was prettily carried off, the difference between the old times was noted. In 1900 the town was just getting over the plague and the fire. Last year there was no set program, except in aquatic, though the Fourth was not wholly ignored in other ways. This was a bit surprising to old-timers who felt that, in the presence of so many new-comers, who were strenuous to Americanize the group, the observance of the Fourth would achieve great things. Still, everything comes to him who waits at the common path, and now we see both kamaaina and malihini united in the effort to not only restore but eclipse the past glories of the Fourth.

THE TERRITORIAL FLAG.

This paper has received from Mr. J. J. Wicke a sketch of a Territorial flag which, in his view, Hawaii may properly adopt. It is a handsome design, the corner being occupied by a black field upon which is the American shield surrounded by eight stars in striking and picturesque array. The stripes are twelve in number, black, white and red. "The new flag," writes Mr. Wicke, "represents the old and the new Hawaiian flag and the colors of Germany and America."

The only trouble with the design is that it is eclipsed by the flag Hawaii now possesses, the old banner of the monarchy, the provisional government and the republic and now by common consent the particular flag of the Territory. There are thousands here who love that flag and it is, withal, a beautiful creation. That it should be kept, as a sign of historical continuity, and because it belongs here and is of native origin, is a fact which few people will care to dispute.

CABLE RUMORS.

The story about the British cable coming here from Fanning Island is not a new one, fresh in the last coast mail. It was brought here some time ago by the Milwaukee and printed in the Advertiser. Our final advice were that the New Zealand minister having cable matters in charge was inclined to wait, before doing anything, and see what there might be in wireless telegraphy. He had it from Lord Kelvin that a wireless service over 1000 miles of sea, the distance between Fanning Island and this group, would be practicable.

We are much inclined to think that the British cable will come here in course of time. It is a long stretch from Fanning Island to British Columbia and a break in the main line may be of frequent occurrence. In that event, or even in that possibility, a connection with the Mackay cable would be well worth while. In time of war it might become indispensable.

The friends of Delegate Wilcox have a sharp eye on the scheme of the Tammany Republicans to shelve him and put Judge Humphreys in his place. It is said that a recent member of the Republican Territorial Committee will soon join the Home Rulers to engineer the job. Others may follow—that is, if the Home Rulers will let them in. The scheme is a fresh and pretty one, but we violate no confidence in saying that it will come to grief in quite as summary a fashion as did the Humphreys intrigue to annex Hawaii to California without the consent of the natives.

The red afterglow in the West is supposed to have been caused by some volcanic eruption which has filled the higher atmosphere with dust that, under the sun's slanting rays, takes on a crimson hue. The theory rests upon the Krakatoa demonstration of many years ago. It may be that the dust is from Mount Pelee in Martinique, as that from Krakatoa encircled the globe and was scientifically observed in Hongkong, Calcutta, Constantinople, London, New York and San Francisco.

President Palma is perhaps the tenth chief magistrate of the Cuban republic, there being a constant choice and change of such officials during the two war periods. Cienfuegos was the last of the field Presidents—or was it Betancourt? Palma enjoys what they did not, however—a salary, recognition and a fixed capital.

General Smith of Samar has always been known in the Army as "Hell-roaring Jake." It is a good military nickname in its way, but it doesn't fit just into the scheme of benevolent assimilation.

The explanation of the "rain of fire" at Martinique, or not lava, or hot cinders but gas. It supplied an instantaneous death to a people who, otherwise, must have suffered unspeakable torments.

It is beginning to appear to the ekolo-hao makers and dealers that the United States District Attorney means business. The lesson is a needed one and promises to have good results.

There are plenty of laws against trusts. The trouble with most of them is that they are up against the constitution.

WORLD'S NEWS
CONDENSED

The agricultural appropriation bill has passed the Senate.
The House of Commons of England has upheld the corn tax.
The ice has broken up in the Yukon river and winter is over.
Chinese rebels met a crushing defeat in the province of Chihli.
Alaskan natives are being vaccinated to guard against smallpox.

President Loubet of France is on a visit to the czar of Russia.
A combination has been formed of all the British Columbia fisheries.
Sergeant Stensberg is to be retired with the rank of Major General.
Governor Odell of New York is the guest of the State of California.

President Roosevelt will, it is reported, proceed against the coal trust.
The Rathbone postal case is to be reviewed by the Cuban Court of Appeals.

In a race war in Indian Territory, five negroes and one white man were killed.
The Hoers are holding meetings with Lord Kitchener arranging terms of peace.

Ex-President Sam has left Hayti and General Firmin was proclaimed ruler in his stead.
\$18,000 for the loss of her beauty in a railroad wreck.

Roosevelt will make a hunting trip to the Big Horn country as soon as Congress adjourns.

Senator Jones of Nevada will retire and Representative Newlands is said to be slated for his seat.

The State of Missouri has filed suit against the beef trust for alleged violation of the anti-trust law.

A steel castings trust has been organized, with Schwab at the head, and with a capital of \$4,000,000.

General Chaffee reports from Manila that further attacks upon the Moros are in his opinion unnecessary.

Twenty-three killed and three hundred injured is the net result of a Pittsburgh fire and naphtha explosion.

Disturbances in Hayti still continue, and an attempt is being made to form another provisional government.

A speech made by Lord Salisbury is interpreted to mean that Egypt has been added to the British Empire.

A report by the State Department shows the trade of the United States with Japan to be on the increase.

The people of sixteen Filipino villages have petitioned against the removal of the United States troops from Mindanao.

Desperate, has been captured and admitted being guilty of a number of murders.

A sister of Sixto Lopez has been called as a witness before the Senate investigating committee on the Philippines.

Two girls were swept over the falls at Carson, Nev., and drowned. Two young men, who accompanied them, escaped.

Reed Smoot, a Mormon apostle, has announced himself as a candidate for the Senate to succeed Senator Rawlins of Utah.

Owing to depredations by relic hunters, Secretary Hay has placed restrictions upon visitors to the State Department.

A feud between rival New Mexico saloon men resulted in a general pitched battle, in which three men were killed and others wounded.

There is a deadlock in the conference committee of the Danish parliament considering the sale of the West Indies to America.

Frost, sentenced to prison for one year, at the time Judge Noyes of Alaska was punished for contempt, has been pardoned by the President.

Wu Ting Fang, Chinese Minister in Washington, has been appointed by his government to prepare a code of Chinese law for modern times.

The House committee has reported favorably on the bill to give Porto Rico representation by one delegate, the same as Hawaii now has.

It is reported in London that Lord Pauncefoot, who is ill, has tendered his resignation as Ambassador to Washington, and asks that it be immediately accepted.

Governor Taft has departed for Rome, where he will confer with Pope Leo concerning an adjustment of the friars' claims to church property in the Philippines.

Captain Grant, civil governor of Leyte, severely scolded General Smith for his campaign in Samar, saying that Smith is anxious to keep the province under military rule.

Senator Bailey has offered an amendment to the appropriation bill, providing that no part of it shall be used to defray the expenses of an embassy to King Edward's coronation.

The Earl of Hopetoun has resigned the governorship of the Australian commonwealth, because of the refusal of Secretary Chamberlain to allow him \$25,000 additional for expenses.

Senhor Severo, the Brazilian aeronaut, was killed in Paris by the explosion of his airship, which dropped 1500 feet. An assistant who made the ascension with him, was also killed.

Lewis Nixon has resigned from the leadership of Tammany, saying he could not remain and keep his self-respect. Boss Croker will name his successor, or himself resume the chieftainship.

Retailers and consumers have organized a \$25,000,000 trust, by which the members will receive a 5 per cent trade discount from the merchants who belong to it. The idea originated in Chicago.

Formal action has been begun by the United States Attorney in Chicago against the beef trust, and an application for an injunction has been made against Armour, Swift, Cudahy and other packers.

YACHT RACE FOR
DECORATION DAY

A race of the third class yachts, in the series for the Roth cup, will be held on Friday, Decoration day, May 20. The course will be as follows: Starting at 2 p. m. from an imaginary line from the Lighthouse to the pilot's office, out the mouth of the harbor, keeping the bell buoy on port side, to a stake boat off Sans Souci, keeping stake boat on port side in rounding; thence to a stake boat off Quarantine Island, keeping same on starboard side in rounding; thence around the bell buoy, keeping it on port side, and finishing at Spar buoy, off mouth of harbor.

Club rules will be followed in regard to getting away; that is, the usual one gun start. Preliminary signal at 1:50. Time limit three hours.

By order Regatta Committee.
HAWAII YACHT CLUB.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The funeral of Mrs. H. A. Heen will be held this afternoon at 2 p. m. at the home of Mrs. H. A. Heen, 1010 Kalia road.

John M. M. Fata has been awarded as the Memorial Day orator by the U. S. A. H. and he will deliver the address at Nuuuanu Cemetery.

Surgeon Lung, U. S. N., is a through passenger on the American Mail. He is the best known naval officer in Honolulu, and was last here 190 years ago with the Philadelphia.

M. F. Scott, the receiver for the Kona plantation, appointed by Judge Edgus, was injured a short time ago by being struck by a trolley car carrier. He was laid up for a few days, but is again about on the plantation.

While the tug Fearless was bringing in the bark Carrollton yesterday, she stopped to shorten hawsers, and keeping out of the way of the bark, the tug struck the sand Waikiki, while the ship hit the coral Kwa of the channel. The tug took off the ship.

The approach of Decoration Day has brought out a novelty in grave decorations, especially among the Hawaiians. Instead of making use of flowers, which shrink and shrivel in a short time when exposed to the air, leis of paper made to represent flowers are being extensively used.

The Department of Public Works has practically concluded negotiations for the acquisition of land from in front of the Moana Hotel to beyond Maake Island, for the widening of the Waikiki road. Plans have been made also for the straightening of the road at the Hopkins switch, and that curve will be entirely eliminated.

News was brought from Kona yesterday of the death on Thursday of M. H. Macfarlane, a well known and prominent Scottish citizen of the islands. Deceased was formerly bookkeeper for the Kona Sugar Company, and later was interested in the Kona-Kau Railroad, of which he was secretary and one of the directors. The death of Mr. Macfarlane occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cooper in Kailua. He was well known in Honolulu, and had been a member of the Scottish Thistle Club.

(From Monday's daily.)

Mrs. W. W. Hall will read the Gettysburg address at the Memorial Day celebration at Nuuuanu cemetery.

Senator George R. Carter is expected back from the coast on the Ventura, which is due on Wednesday morning.

A subscription list is being circulated in the city to raise money to send Ah Fai, a former Chinese merchant, back to China.

Emil Noy, Judge Gear's grand jury bailiff, announced yesterday that he would leave Honolulu for Hilo, to become the bailiff of Judge Little's court.

Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Couzens on Saturday demolished the okolehao still which had been captured by the revenue officers and used as evidence in the Casthana case.

An effort is being made to secure the extension of the Rapid Transit line to the Kaimuki tract and subscription lists are being circulated in order to raise a loan for the Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Co.

On Saturday night Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Correa gave a luau at their residence on Liliha street near School, which was attended by a large number of friends. After the feasting, music and dancing kept the guests entertained until midnight.

Rev. C. V. Anthony, a prominent California Methodist clergyman, came on the Peru for a visit in the city. He was accompanied by his brother and niece. Rev. Mr. Anthony was at the head of a congregation in Honolulu in the early sixties.

Japanese Consul Saito has interested himself to prevent the exodus of Japanese laborers to California, agents having been in the city for some time, to induce the men to leave here. The Japanese have been induced to return to the plantations by the representations of the consul.

An attempt at incendiarism was frustrated Saturday morning in the Armory building on River and Hotel streets. A man was seen to set fire to refuse in the basement of Myoshi's store but was frightened away by a Japanese living in the building. The firemen are investigating.

James G. Spender, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, has received a letter from Secretary Cortelyou, acknowledging the receipt by President Roosevelt of the resolution regarding the payment of the fire claims which was carried to Washington by Commissioner Pratt. The resolution has been referred to Secretary Shaw.

United States Clerk Maling has received a request from the Acting Solicitor of the Attorney General's Department for the details of the punishment of Lewis and Turk for violation of shipping regulations. It is the intention of the Department to no doubt to pose the matter in seaport towns as a warning to other possible offenders.

The new Japanese rice mill at Pawa has been started.

C. M. Cooke and family have taken up their summer residence at Laikaha.

Admiral Merry has recovered from his recent illness to such an extent that he may visit the naval station today.

Sentence was suspended by Judge Robinson yesterday as to Maka and Kapana, both of whom pleaded guilty to larceny.

The Hawaiian band will give a complimentary concert on the Oceanic dock when Bishop and Mrs. Willis depart for Tonga.

J. J. Combs has sued his wife, Ella Combs, for divorce in Judge Kalua's court. Adultery is alleged to have been committed by the defendant.

Memorial day will be a half holiday for government employees. Governor Cooper will test a notice to that effect very shortly. Friday will also be a half holiday in the public schools.

Assistant Director Sedgwick of the Agricultural Experiment Station has received word from Jared Smith that he will return Saturday from his surveying trip in the Waimea district, Hawaii.

Several society ladies and gentlemen are planning a ping-pong dinner at Lyceum building on Friday evening. Following the dinner the tables will be cleared and devoted to a ping-pong tournament.

Dr. C. B. Wood, accompanied by his daughter, Dorothy, leaves for the coast today in the Sierra, for a two months' vacation, although one of the objects of his departure is to attend the meeting of the Imperial Council of the Mystic Shrine to be held in San Francisco.

June W. Wood is the representative of Aloha Temple of Honolulu. Dorothy Wood will not return with Dr. Wood, as it is the intention to have her remain on the mainland for some time.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula—as ugly as ever since time immemorial.

It causes blemishes in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"A lump appeared on the left side of my neck. It caused great pain, was lanced, and became a running sore. I went into a general decline. I was persuaded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when I had taken six bottles my neck was healed and I have never had any trouble of the kind since." Mrs. K. T. Snyder, Troy, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
and Pills

Will rid you of Scrofula, radically and permanently, as they have rid thousands.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE—(Robert Lewers & J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Importers and dealers in lumber and building materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Manufacturers of every description made to order.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:
Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver. Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to
THO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.

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TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 101,850,000
Total reichsmarks 107,850,000

North German Fire Insurance Co. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks 8,890,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 85,000,000
Total reichsmarks 93,890,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire or the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited

The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered, the Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in

Nickle, Silver, Gold Filled and Solid Gold.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

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Elgins stand for what is right in time-keeping and lasting qualities, and this is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H. F. WICHMAN

BOX 342.

Wm. G. Irwin & Co., LIMITED.

Fire and Marine Insurance Ag'ts

AGENTS FOR THE

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool
Alliance Assurance Company of London,
Alliance, Marine and General Assurance Co., Ltd., of London.
Scottish Union National Insurance Company of Edinburgh.
Wilhelms of Madgeburg General Insurance Company.
Associated Assurance Co., Ltd., of Munich and Berlin.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored thereon, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., AGTS.

Fortuna General Insurance Co. OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Now is the Time to Plant SEEDS

A large shipment of fresh seeds has just been received.

It is not necessary to send to the coast for garden or vegetable seeds when the same may be had in a few day's from the

Hollister Drug Company Honolulu, Hawaii.

The Bank of Hawaii LIMITED.

Incorporated Under the Laws of the Republic of Hawaii.

CAPITAL \$500,000.00
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS,
Chas. M. Cooke President
F. C. Jones Vice President
F. C. Atherton Cashier
Directors—Henry Waterhouse, Toss May, F. W. Macfarlane, E. D. Tenney, J. A. McCandless.

Solicits the Accounts of Firms, Corporations, Trusts, Individuals, and will promptly and carefully attend to all business connected with banking entrusted to it. Sell and Purchase Foreign Exchange, Issue Letters of Credit.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Ordinary and Term Deposits received and interest allowed in accordance with rules and conditions printed in pass books, copies of which may be had on application.

Judd Building, Fort Street.

CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

Are warranted to cure Graves' disease in the neck, and all kinds of complaints, Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 25 years. In boxes of 10, 25, 50, and 100 Pills. Cashier F

BERTENSON ON THE ROAD Kerr Says Officer Maltreated Marine.

"On Sunday afternoon I saw an officer whom I believe to be a lieutenant at Camp McKinley, beat a sailor into a state almost of insensibility with a picket," said L. B. Kerr, the merchant, yesterday.

DOLE DINES WITH VETERANS

The New York Tribune of May 8 says: Three hundred members of the Loyal Legion met at Delmonico's last night, and after electing officers for the ensuing year had a dinner, followed by speechmaking. General G. M. Dodge made an address upon the Philippine question, in which he criticized the attack of the anti-imperialists on the army. Other speakers were Colonel T. C. Hemstreet, General Burnett, Sanford B. Dole, Governor of Hawaii, and the Rev. Dr. N. Dwight Hillis.

Honors to William H. Dole. The trustees of the Public Library at Fresno, Cal., advertised for plans of a library building, to be erected with the Carnegie fund, but of the many competitive plans submitted that of William Herbert Dole, architect of New York City, the son of George H. Dole of Riverside, and nephew of Governor Dole, was accepted.

WARDE SEASON CLOSES

Frederick Warde, the actor, who has been strangely downed with his own title to immortality, it was the Fredrick Warde to protest against such robbery of the world's most cherished dead, and to draw for us a picture of the old Shakespeare who found sermons in stones, books in the running brooks and good in everything. He told us of a man who knew Latin and less Greek, but who gathered from every friend and every voice and every scene a bit of wisdom and of grace and phrasing it as nature taught him to his unconscious art, spoke to the heart and mind of all the world—now in the language of a woman and the breath of a flower; now in the voice of the warrior and the stress of the storm; then in the accents of the sage, the monarch, the courtier, the judge; anon whispering the secrets of the grave, where, from unpolished flesh, the vixen spring—but never in the dry, academic phrase, without imagination, without the touch of fancy or of wit, which marked the language of Francis Bacon, lawyer, essayist and deliver in the Greek.

Tonight some of Shakespeare's people will be with us again. They were born from the master's brain three hundred years ago, but we know that ages hence shall these "lofty scenes, be acted over in States unborn and accents yet unknown." We know that, though the world may grow as old as it has grown since Homer's time, Shakespeare will live in the never-ending youth of genius. That of him even the far coming ages will say, as the Caesar of his play: The skies are stained with unnumbered sparks, they are all fire and every one doth shine, but there's but one in all doth hold his place; So in the world, 'tis furnished with men, And men are flesh and blood and apprehensive, Yet in the number I do know but one That unassailable holds on his rank, Unshak'd of motion.

These voices the sentiments of most of us. There are others of the company, some more skilled in experience or blessed with greater talent who deserve their share. Charles D. Herman as the Moor last evening, as well as in the quarrel scene with Cassius, showed us another phase of his intuitive talent and thoughtful acting. Barry Johnston's soliloquy as Hamlet inspired a genuine wish to see him in the fulness of the role. Short as were the lines the impersonation was rife with the whole personality of the melancholy Dane. Mr. McLeod, suggesting Falstaff's ribald, roystering career in a few words, is responsible for the stage action that has helped on the season's success. O'Connor, Hynes and others all played their parts effectively. Miss Ashton sustained the enviable impression she has created and Miss Trescott showed the power of which she has had all too few opportunities to give us full benefit. The same is to be said of Miss Bertelle. Her Ophelia last evening with the poor crushed heart and crazed mind running on tales of maids forsaken, deserves much greater space than is afforded the present opportunity. It was one of the gems, not only of the evening but the entire season. Miss Warde has had few opportunities suited to her especial temperament but has pleasantly shown us that dramatic talents are hereditary.

MOUNT PELEE IS AGAIN SHOWING MUCH ACTIVITY

Fire and Cinder Once More Issuing From Volcano and Martinique Residents Are Terrorized.

FORT DE FRANCE (Island of Martinique), May 16.—Great flashes of very bright light were emitted from Mount Pelee between 10 and 11 o'clock last night. They were visible from here. Thick, glowing red clouds, interspersed with flashes of light, are issuing from the volcano this morning. Showers of cinders, lasting for twenty minutes, accompanied the activity. The people of the districts of Lorraine, Marigot, Sainte Marie and La Trinite are panic-stricken.

PARIS, May 16.—A private telegram received here via La Guayra, Venezuela, says Fort de France, Martinique, is seriously threatened by the volcanic disturbance.

FORT DE FRANCE (Island of Martinique), May 16.—The French cruiser Suchet will sail from here tomorrow with the principal local authorities, who will be landed at St. Pierre and proceed to the northern part of the island, in the direction of Basse Point, and thoroughly investigate the situation. It is feared that pillage is rampant there. Fifty robbers arrested at St. Pierre have been sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

KINGSTOWN, Jamaica, May 16.—Advices received here from Fort de France say that looting and robbery are on the increase at St. Pierre and elsewhere, and that the authorities cannot cope with the conditions, especially as local political quarrels at St. Pierre are interfering with practical, harmonious action. There are 6000 refugees at Fort de France and rioting is feared.

NEW YORK, May 16.—A cable to the Sun from Guadalajara, Mexico, says: Rumbblings which come from Mount Colima and great clouds of smoke which are being constantly emitted from its crater indicate that the interior agitation is gathering force and that active eruption is likely to occur.

FORT DE FRANCE, May 16.—The British Royal Mail steamer Solent brought news of the eruption of the Soufriere, on the British island of St. Vincent. Mud, ashes and stone were hurled into Kingston, the capital of the island. Five hundred deaths are reported, and the bodies lie unburied. The central and southern parts of St. Pierre are still burning. Business is at a complete standstill. Vandals who were found looting the bodies of those killed in the lava flow have been placed under arrest and will be severely dealt with.

an after a statement of the treasurer that there is in the fund something close to \$10,000, with more in sight. The plot thus selected for the memorial recreation ground lies makaf of the line of King street extension, skirting upon the Waikiki line of the McCully land, one block beyond McCully street. As it now is there are many heads of coral and lava which make the ground uneven and which prevent the growing of any vegetation there, except a few low trees. The land first will be leveled and then a foot of earth put over it. The fencing and the gardening will follow. Now that the work of the construction of the park is to be commenced it is believed there will be no time lost in the filing of the subscription list, so that the work may be rushed to completion.

The Rapid Transit road will pass by the gates of the park. There is now an agreement that the line shall run as far as the park, but the outlook is that the Kaimuki line will be extended through King street to a junction of that thoroughfare with Beretania, and thence out to the crest of the hill on the Kaimuki tract above Waiolae. This task has been undertaken by A. V. Gear, who is now canvassing for the bonus which is demanded for the running of the road from King street. There will be three miles of the line and the bonus demanded by the road is \$40,000. Already there has been a subscription of more than \$20,000, and Mr. Gear says this is being added to at the rate of nearly \$2000 a day.

INSIDE GOSSIP AT WASHINGTON

(Special to the Advertiser.) WASHINGTON, May 11.—When Judge Little came to Washington he made a bee line for the White House and the first thing he did was to file a violent and rather incoherent set of charges against Governor Dole. There were at the time three reports on Dole lying on the Executive table—reports made at the request of the President by prominent men who had been on the ground looking at things with unprejudiced eyes. They were written by Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, Dr. Knapp of the Agricultural Department and by an Hawaiian Federal appointee. Each one was strongly in favor of the continuance of Gov. Dole in office and they had decided the President in his favor. President Roosevelt read Judge Little's screed attentively but with manifest displeasure. When he saw and heard the visiting jurist his temper did not improve, though he listened civilly enough. The next day the President said to an Hawaiian friend: "Judge Little was in to see me yesterday, but I think I'll join the other fellows."

FORFEIT VESSEL TO UNITED STATES

An information was filed in United States Court yesterday for the forfeiture of the schooner Kawaihine, which was seized by Collector Chamberlain Saturday night for illicit liquor carrying. Judge Estee is asked to forfeit the vessel to the United States and for an order of sale. The matter will be called up on June 6th, and in the meantime the schooner remains in the hands of Marshal Hendry. Collector Chamberlain states that he is aware that the internal revenue laws are being violated by others in the Territory, and when the department secures the necessary evidence, arrests and seizures will follow.

A PINK BOOKLET

And What Came from One Woman's Reading It. A woman in Rome, Dr. W. T. Clark, was cured of a nervous trouble and nervousness by a certain medicine and gave the manufacturer permission to use her statement, recommending the preparation. This was published in a booklet and known around at the house. Now Mrs. William Metrol, also of Rome, was ailing, and, happening to read the book, came across the description of Mrs. Clark's case. In some respects their symptoms were similar, so she went to Mrs. Clark's house at No. 315 West Tanager street, and asked her about it. Mrs. Metrol tells the story as follows: "I had been miserable for a long time, suffering with the troubles which come with the turn of life. It made me sick to my stomach, my limbs felt like sticks. My head felt just as if I was going to be crazy and with it all I was afflicted with nervousness and heart trouble. I felt so bad that I did not see anything to live for."

BY AUTHORITY.

NOTICE. Henry Cobb Adams, Esq., has this day been appointed a member of the District Road Board for the District of Koolapoko, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, vice E. P. Alkue, resigned.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

H. D. WISHARD HAVING BEEN appointed administrator of the estate of John P. Silva of Keala, Kauai, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present same to him at Lihue, Kauai, with proper vouchers within six months from a date hereof or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to the undersigned.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, May 26, 1902.				
NAME OF STOCK	Capital	Val	Bid	Ask
MERCHANDISE				
C. Brewer & Co.	1,000,000	100		100
N. S. Sells Dry Goods Co., Ltd.	50,000	100		100
L. B. Kerr Co., Ltd.	200,000	50		50
SUGAR				
Ewa	5,000,000	20	24	25
Haw. Agricultural Co.	1,000,000	100		100
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co.	2,312,750	100	83	87
Haw. Sugar Co.	2,000,000	20	12	13
Honolulu	750,000	100	1	2
Honolulu	2,000,000	20	10	10
Haleiwa	500,000	100		100
Kahuku	500,000	100		100
Kihikihi	500,000	100		100
Kipahulu	100,000	100		100
Kona	800,000	100		100
Kohala	500,000	100		100
Oahu Sugar Co.	2,500,000	20	85	87
Oahu Sugar Co.	1,000,000	20	24	25
Oahu Sugar Co.	500,000	20	21	22
Oahu Sugar Co.	2,500,000	20	10	11
Oahu Sugar Co.	1,500,000	100		100
Oahu Sugar Co.	5,000,000	50	10	10
Pacific	50,000	100		210
Pala	750,000	100		100
Papeete	250,000	100		170
Pioneer	2,750,000	100		70
Waialae Agr. Co.	4,000,000	100	62 1/2	67 1/2
Waialae	700,000	100		100
Waialae	250,000	100		100
Waialae	125,000	100		85
STEAMSHIP CO'S				
Wilder S. S. Co.	500,000	100		100
Inter-Island S. S. Co.	500,000	100		100
MISCELLANEOUS				
Haw. Electric Co.	250,000	100		10 1/2
Hon. R. T. & L. Co.	250,000	100		10 1/2
Mutual Tel. Co.	50,000	100		10 1/2
O. R. & L. Co.	2,500,000	100	85	90
BONDS				
Haw. Govt. 5 p. c.			96	100
Hilo R. R. Co. 6 p. c.				100
Hon. R. T. & L. Co.				100
6 p. c.				100
Ewa P. R. Co.				100
O. R. & L. Co.				100
Oahu P. R. Co.				100
Oahu P. R. Co.				100
Waialae Agr. Co. 6 p. c.				100
SALES.				
Afternoon Session—Twenty Kihel, \$10.50.				
Between Boards—Forty Ewa, \$24; 100 McBryde, \$6.				
President Roosevelt will not interfere with the British mule camp in New Orleans.				
John Vance Cheney, the author, has been sued for divorce.				
